# Gram-negative coccobacilli and cocci

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#### **Haemophilus Group**

- Gram-negative cocco/large- thin bacilli.. Aerobic.. Requires growth factors (V-X-factors).. Grow around hemolytic Staphylococcus spp.
- Normal Flora.. Human Respt. Tract.. Died Rapidly Outside Body( 30 minutes) Many <u>Haemophilus</u> sp.
  - Virulence factors: Endotoxin & Capsule..
- H. influnzae type b: Most common pathogenic species..
  capsulated .. Causing Localized and Invasive Infect.. Sore
  Throat, Otitis Media, Sinusitis, Conjunctivitis,
  Brochopneumonia, Septicemia & Meningitis.. Children 6
  Months-5 Years.
- <u>Lab Diagnosis</u>: Blood, CSF & Others Culture.. Chocolate & blood agar included X & V Factors.. Antibiotics.. Hib-Vaccine.. Infants > 2 months old.

## Haemophilus colonies growth surrounding Stapholococcus colonies



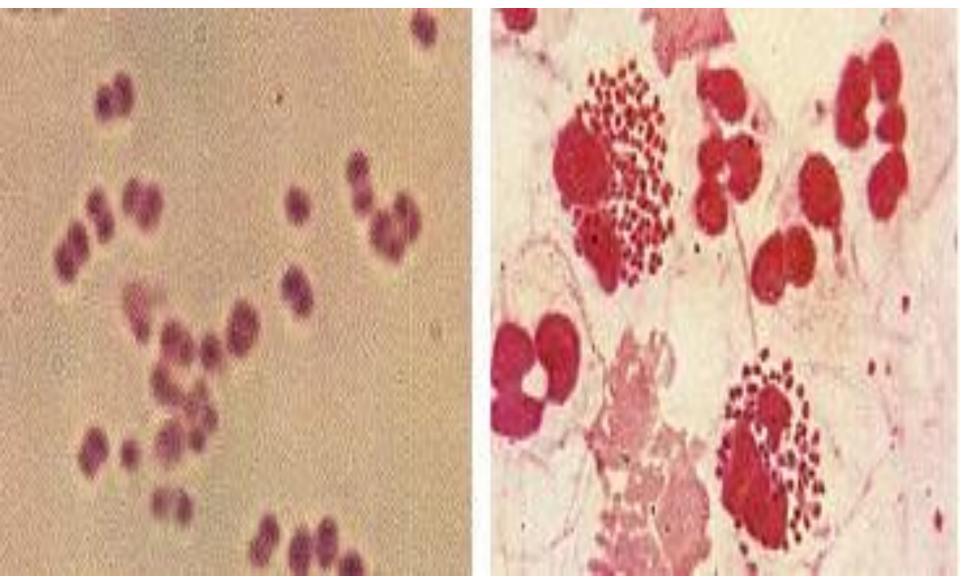
#### Bordetella pertussis

- Gram-negative coccbacilli.. Aerobic.. Highly
   Communicable agent.. Droplets Infection..close
   contact.. Mucosa Respiratory Tract.. Produce
   Pertussis Toxin.. Whooping Cough/ paroxysmal
   cough.. Pertussis.. Infants Children more susceptible
   than adults, high fatal in Adults than in children.
   Antibiotics are useful in first stage
- Prevention: DTP vaccine within first 2 -4-6 Ms.
- <u>Diagnosis</u>: Clinical signs and Symptoms. Less Culture
   & Lab tests.

#### Neisseria & Moraxella Groups

- Neisseria spp., Moraxella spp.: Gram-negative diplococci, Facultative anaerobes, Oxidase/Catalase+ve, Highly susceptible to Low/High Tempt... Dryness, Rapid Autolysis .. Room Tempt. Normal Flora Respiratory Tract.. Rare Nonpathogens (N. sicca, N. flava, M. Mucosa).. Common Pathogens.. N. gonorrhea, N. meningitidites.
- 1-N.gonorrhea: Pili, IgA-Protease, LPS, Colonization Mucosa.. Invasion..Inflamation.. Genitourinary Tract, Rectum, Throat, Sexually Transmitted Diseases.. Acute/Subacute/Asymptomatic Infections.. Uretral/Vaginal Discharge, Urethritis, Cervicitis, Salpengitis.. Common Reinfection..

### Neisseria Gramstain-Intracellular Presence in Urethral Discharge



#### Follow/2

- <u>Lab diagnosis</u>: Direct Gram-stain.. Intracellular G-ve diplococci in WBCs (pus cells).. Rapid Culture in Blood/chocolate Agar.. Antibiotics, No Vaccine.
- 2- N. meningitidites: Capsular Polysaccharides, LPS, IgA-Protease, Serotypes A,B,C, Invasive, Exogenous Infect. Respt.Tract.. Sore Throat.. Septicemia.. Meningitis.. Acute disease with high Mortality without treatment. Children (6-Months-5 years) more susceptible than adults. Epidemic outbreaks.
- Protective Vaccine is available.
- 3- M. catarrhalis: Part of normal Respiratory tract.. Opportunistic pathogen.. Pneumonia.. Rarely Septicemia.. Compromised Lung/heavy smokers.
- <u>Lab Diagnosis</u>: Direct-Gram-stain, Culture Blood/chocolate Agar, Biochemical tests, Antibiotics,